

(Non-Blocking, Bidirectional, Passive, 70dB on/off)

(Protected by U.S. patents 7224860, 6757101, 6577430 and pending patents)

The MEMS FIBER Optical switches establish optical signal paths passively in milliseconds supporting all date rates, ideally suited to manage and monitor large optical networks intelligently and remotely. The flexible platform supports NxM configurations (N, M=1 to 64). The MEMS switches are reliable with longevity suited for continuous operation. The control is net-based GUI that is compatible with standard network management protocols. It can be made to fit into a 1U box if LC connectors are selected.

The order table includes a list of standard control interfaces. Additionally, we provide a list of commands to assist customer engineers in coding. For those who require it, we offer a code-writing service for customer interfaces at an additional charge.

To minimize the delay between issuing a switching command and the actuation of switches caused by a standard window-based computer, it's essential to use a dedicated computer with a real-time operating system, such as a single-board computer running real-time Linux.



5-year manufacturer warranty

Features

- Low Cost
- High Reliability
- Low Insertion Loss
- Broad Band
- Compact Design
- Low Voltage

Applications

- Optical Signal Routing
- Network Protection
- Wavelength Management
- Signal Monitoring
- Instrumentation

Specifications [1]

Parameters	Min	Typical	Max	Unit		
Operation Wavelength	750	1270~1630	2400	nm		
Wavelength Bandwidth		± 30		nm		
Insertion Loss [1] (SM)	1	1.2	1.7	dB		
Insertion Loss [1] (MM)		1.8	2.5	dB		
Crosstalk, On/Off Ratio	45		70	dB		
Extinction Ratio (PM Fiber)	18		23	dB		
Switch Speed (Rise, Fall) [2]		10	20	ms		
Durability	10 ⁹			cycle		
Polarization Dependent Loss		0.04	0.2	dB		
Wavelength Dependence Loss [3]		0.1	0.3	dB		
Return Loss	50 ^[7]			dB		
Repeatability		0.05	0.1	dB		
Operating Temperature [4]	-5		65	°C		
Transit Time Delay			0.2	ms		
Port to Port Time Delay Difference			0.5	ns		
Optical Power Handling (CW) ^[5]		300	500	mW		
Storage Temperature	-40		85	°C		
Electrical Power Consumption			50 ^[6]	W		
Package Dimension	1RU/2RU					

Notes:

- [1]. Measured at 1550nm without connectors, each connector adds 0.2-0.3dB. Shorter or longer wavelength loss increases
 - Minimum loss version is available as special order
- [2]. This is intrinsic switch component performance. The remote control adds delay (Ethernet is the longest)
- [3]. Within 50nm bandwidth
- [4]. -25°C~75°C version is also available.
- [5]. High power version available
- [6]. For the non-latching version
- [7]. For SM fiber, MM fiber is 35dB

Note: The specifications provided are for general applications with a cost-effective approach. If you need to narrow or expand the tolerance, coverage, limit, or qualifications, please [click this link]:

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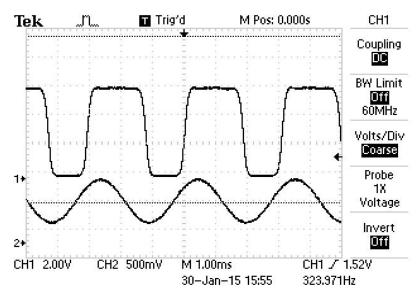
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Mechanical Dimension

19-inch rack with 1U, 1.5U or 2U depending on the connector type

10° Switching Cycle Test (This was performed on 1x2 component, not the switch system)

We have tested MEMS 1x2 switch at the resonant frequency \sim 300Hz for more than 40 days, as shown in the attachment, which corresponds over 10^9 switching cycles. The measurements show little changes in Insertion loss, Cross Talk, Return loss, etc, all parameters are within our specs.



Control & Electric Interface

The switch default control is Ethernet with a GUI.

Physical Layer: 10/100Base-T

Data Link Layer: Ethernet Protocol per IEEE 802.3

Network Layer: IPv4Transport Layer: UDP

Application Protocol: SNMP

Connector Type: RJ-45

Dual 48V / 110-220V Power Input

We provide a command list for customers to write their control code, such as Python

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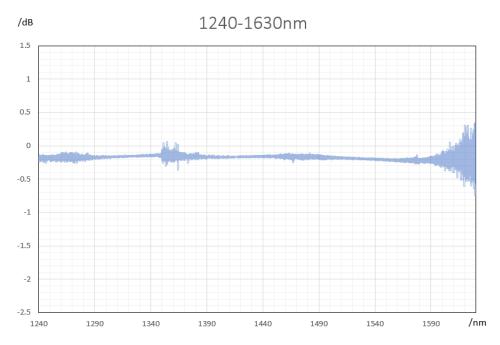
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^{*}Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.



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Typical Insertion Loss vs Wavelength (1240-1630nm)



Ordering Information

Prefix	Туре	Wavelength [1]	Control Interface	Package	Fiber Type	Power Supply	Connector	On/Off	ER	Monitor
MEMS-	12x12 = A12 2x12 = 212 4x12 = 412 8x8 = 808 Special = 000	1240-1640nm = 1 1060 = 6 1310 = 3 1410 = 4 1550 = 5 1310/1550 = 2 850 = 8 Special = 0	Ethernet = 2 RS232 = 3 Special = 0	1RU = 1 1.5U = 5 2RU = 2 4RU = 4 Special = 0	SMF-28 = 1 MM 50/125 = 2 PM1550 ^[2] = 5 62.5/125 = 6 Hi1060 = 3 Hi780 = 8 PM980 = 9 SM800 = A PM850 = B PM780 = C Special = 0	110-220V = 4 48V = 5	None = 1 FC/PC = 2 FC/APC = 3 SC/PC = 4 SC/APC = 5 LC/PC = 7 Duplex LC/PC = 8 LC/APC = A LC/UPC = U Special = 0	Regular = 1 SM70dB = 2 MM50dB = 3	Non = N >18 = 1 23 = 2 29 = 3	Non = 1 Output = 2 Input Output = 3 Input = 4

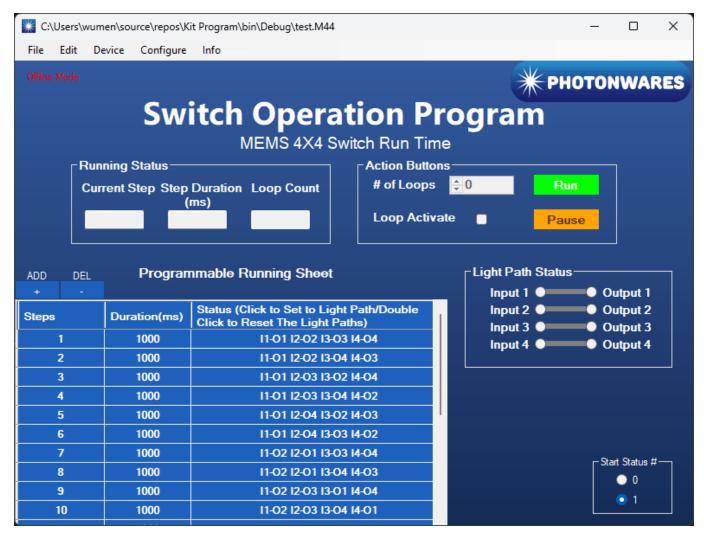
^{[1].} Measured wavelength. The device has a wider wavelength coverage. Customer can request to measure at several wavelengths.

[2]. For PM fiber version, please call us to get more information.



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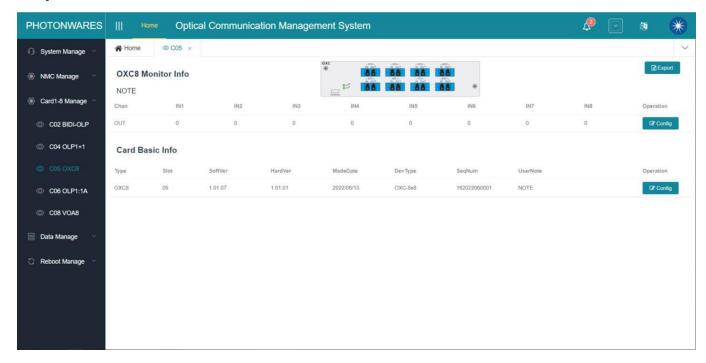
Example of RS232 Control GUI (one can create a running receipt, pause, repeat loop)





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Example of Ethernet Remote Control GUI







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Questions and Answers

Q: If the device were to fail, would the switch continue to pass the fiber light through the switch as configured before failure?

A: This depends, if one mirror fails, it only affects the light going through that mirror.

Q: When power is restored, does the IN/OUT configuration before failure remain in place?

A: Yes, when power back up it will go to the previous flightpath

Q: If the power to the device were shut off, would the device continue to pass the fiber light as configured before failure?

A: This function is called latching. We uniquely offer MEMS latching switches but cost more.

Q: With the Ethernet Control Option, does the switch support SNMPv3

A: Yes. This internet standard protocol allows user to write their own control code

Q: With the Ethernet Control Option, what type of encryption does the SNMPv3 use?

A: MD5/DES

Q: With the Ethernet Control Option, could this device be controlled by multiple users at different locations and all users will also see the configuration updates?

A: Yes

Q: With the Ethernet Control Option, does the user need to install any software on their computer other than a web browser?

A: No